

**SOCIAL SCIENCE**

Time: 2½ hrs.

Total Score: 80

**Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Answer only after carefully reading the instructions in connection with each question.
3. The score for each question is given against the question concerned.
4. 15 minutes are given as cool off time. This time is to be used for reading and understanding the questions.

SCORE

1. Compare the characteristics of sun synchronous satellites and geostationary satellites. [2]
2. Complete the table based on the important writers of the Renaissance age and their works. [4]

A	B
Boccaccio	?
?	Divine Comedy
Cervantes	?
?	In Praise of Folly

3. How does development become an economic as well as a social process? [3]
4. Describe the characteristics of the different types of rainfall.

OR

The Himalayan rivers and the Peninsular rivers are different in their characteristics.

Substantiate the statement based on the comparison of the characteristics of Himalayan and Peninsular rivers. [6]

5. Agriculture and animal husbandry are two economic activities in the primary sector. Write any other two economic activities in this sector. [2]
6. Explain the following in one or two sentences each:
  - (a) Petition of Right.
  - (b) Long Parliament.
  - (c) Bill of Rights. [3]

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| 7. Prepare a short note on Opium wars.   | [4]   |
| 8. State any three features of New Generation Banks.   | [3]   |
| 9. Examine the reasons that have contributed to the change from direct to indirect democracy.  | [4]   |
| 10. Antarctica is a continent where the plant and animal species are few and devoid of human settlements. Examine the physical and climatic characteristics of Antarctica which causes such a situation.   | [4]   |
| 11. The Treaty of Versailles signed with Germany was humiliating. Explain.   | [3]   |
| 12. Identify the main organization which fought against Apartheid in South Africa. Who was the leader of the government formed in South Africa after the elections of 1994?  | [2]   |
| 13. Write any two steps taken by India towards globalization.  | [2]   |
| 14. The Security Council is the most powerful organ of the United Nations Organization. Give arguments in support of this observation.   | [3]   |
| 15. Peninsular India bifurcates the South West monsoon winds into two branches. How are they known? Identify the areas which receive rainfall from each of these branches.   | [4]   |
| 16. What are the factors that prompted the United Nations Organization to make the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.  | [2]   |
| 17. Write any two taxes imposed by the local self governments.   | [2]   |
| 18. Names of some exponents of a literary movement are given below:<br><div style="margin-left: 40px;">           • Charles Dickens<br/>           • William Wordsworth<br/>           • Victor Hugo         </div> Which was the literary movement they were involved in? Mention its features. | [4]   |
| 19. Identify the agricultural season in which wheat is mainly cultivated in India. Mention the geographical factors favourable for wheat cultivation.  | [4]   |
| 20. Identify the specialized agency of the United Nations Organization which functions to ensure health among the people of the member states.   | [1]   |

21. Differentiate between participation rate and dependency ratio. [2]
22. Critically examine the problems created by the partition of India.

OR

- Science and education made great progress in India after independence. Substantiate. [6]
23. Write a note on Payyannur Salt Satyagraha. [2]
24. Name the fog created due to smoke. Mention any two cities where such fog is formed. [2]
25. Prepare a short note on any two challenges to India's national integration. [2]
26. Mark and label the following geo-information in the outline map of India provided:
- a. Vindhya range
  - b. River Krishna
  - c. Coromondal coast
  - d. Marmagoa. [4]